# संशोधित पाठ्यकम बी.ए. / बी.एस-सी. / बी.कॉम. / बी.एच.एस.-सी. भाग - दो, आधार पाठ्यक्रम

प्रश्न पत्र — प्रथम (हिन्दी भाषा) (पेपर कोड — 0171)

पूर्णाक- 75

निम्नलिखित 5 लेखकों के पाठ शामिल होंगे -

अंक-35

1. महात्मा गांधी

चोरी और प्रायश्चित

2. आचार्य नरेंद्र देव

युवकों का समाज में स्थान

3. वासुदेव शरण अग्रवाल

मातृभूमि

4. हरि ठाकूर

डॉ. खूबचंद बघेल

5. पं. माधवराव सप्रे

सम्भाषण-कुशलता

खण्ड-ख

हिन्दी भाषा और उसके विविध रूप

अंक-16

1. कार्यालयीन भाषा

2. मीडिया की भाषा

3. वित्त एवं वाणिज्य की भाषा

4. मशीनी भाषा

हिन्दी की व्याकरणिक कोटियाँ खण्ड-ग

अंक-24

संज्ञा, सर्वनाम, विशेषण, क्रिया विशेषण

समास, संधि एवं संक्षिप्तियां

अनुवाद व्यवहार : अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी में अनुवाद

# इकाई विभाजन-

इकाई- 1 चोरी और प्रायश्चित : महात्मा गांधी / कार्यालयीन भाषा, मीडिया की भाषा

इकाई- 2 युवकों का समाज में स्थान : आचार्य नरेन्द्र देव / वित एवं वाणिज्य की भाषा, मशीनी भाषा

इकाई- 3 मातृभूमिः वासूदेवशरण अग्रवाल / संज्ञा सर्वनाम, विशेषण, किया विशेषण

इकाई- 4 डॉ. खूबचंद बघेल : हरि ठाकुर/समास, संधि,

इकाई- 5 सम्भाषण-कुशलता : पं. माधवराव सप्रे, / अनुवाद - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी में अनुवाद, संक्षिप्तियाँ

# ल्यांकन योजना -

प्रत्येक इकाई से एक-एक प्रश्न पूछे जाएंगे। प्रत्येक प्रश्न में आंतरिक विकल्प होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के 15 अंक गे । प्रत्येक इकाई को दो—दो खण्डों (कमश' 'क' और ख़' में), विभक्त करते हुए निर्धारित पाठ से 8 एवं शेष पाठ्य मग्री से 7 अंक के प्रश्न होंगे। इस प्रकार पूरे प्रश्न

> Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Govt. College baloda

पात्यकम संशोधन का औषित्य : विशानी नर्नित एवं सुप्रसिद्ध व्यक्तियों के लेख के साव्यम से समाज एवं राष्ट्रित के साब्द-साध व्यक्तित्व विकास विषयक मुद्दी से परिचित हो सके तथा व्याकरिणक एवं भाषा विषयक प्रस्तावित वात्यकम के साव्यम से हिन्दी भाषा संबंधित प्रयोग पक्ष से परिचित होते हुए प्रतियोगी परीक्षाओं की दृष्टि से क्षानार्जन कर सके।

Attested प्रथम हिंदी अध्ययन भंडल

### B.Sc.-II (BOTANY) PAPER-I

# (PLANT TAXONOMY, ECONOMIC BOTANY, PLANT ANATOMY AND EMBRYOLOGY)

#### UNIT-I

Bentham and Hooker system of classification.Binomial Nomenclature, International Code of Nomenclature for Algae, Fungi, and plants (IUCN), Typification, numerical Taxonomy and chemotaxonomy. Preservation of Plant material and Herbarium techniques.Important botanical gardens and herbaria of India, Kew Botanical garden, England.

#### **UNIT-II**

Systematic position, distinguishing characters and economic importance of the following families, Ranunculaceae, Magnoliaceae, Brassicaeae, Rosaceae, Papaveraceae, Caryophyllaceae, Rutaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Apiaceae, Rubiaceae, Apocynaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Solanaceae, Malvaceae, Convolvulaceae, Orchidaceae, Acanthaceae, verbenaceae, Lamiaceae, Asteraceae, Fabaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Poaceae and Liliaceae.

#### **UNIT-III**

Economic Botany: Botanical name, family, part used and uses of the following economically important plants, fiber yielding plants; Cotton, jute, sun, hemp, coir. Timber yielding plants: Sal, Teak, Shisham and Pine. Medicinal plants: Kalmegh, Ashwangandha, Ghritkumari, Giloy, Brahmi, sarpgandha, ---of medicinal plants of C.G. Food plants: Pearl millet, Buck of wheat, Sorghum, Soyabean, gram, Ground nut, Sugarcane and Potato. Fruit plants: Pear, Peach, Litchi. Spices: Cinnamon, Turmeric, Ginger, Asafoetida and Cumin. Beverages: Tea, Coffee Rubber Cultivation of important flowers: Chrysanthemum, Dahelia, Biodiesel plants Jatropha, Pongamia Ethnobotany in context of Chhattisgarh.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Plant Anatomy: Root and shoot apical meristems theories of root and shoot apex organization, permanent tissues, anatomy of root, stem and leaf of dicot and monocot, secondary growth in root and stem, Anatomical anomalies in the primary structure of stems (Nyctanthes, Boerhaavia, Casuarina), Anamolous secondary growth in Dracaena, Bignonia, Laptadenia.

#### **UNIT-V**

Embryology: Flower as a reproductive organ, anther, microsporogenesis, types of ovules, megasporogenesis, development of male and female gametophyte, pollination, mechanisms, self incompatibility, fertilization, endosperm, embryo, polyembryonoy apomixes and parthenocarpy.

**Books Recommended:** 

Singh, Pandey, Jain. Diversity and Systematics of Seed Plants, Rastogi Publications Merrut

Sharma OP, Plant Taxonomy, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi

Pandey BP, Taxonomy of Angiosperms, S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi

Pandey, BP, Plant Anatomy, S.Chand Publishing, New Delhi

Pandey, BP, Economic Botany, S.Chand Publishing, New Delhi

Bhojwani, SS and Bhatanagar SP, Embryology of Angiosperm, Vikas Publication House, New Delhi

Singh, Pandey, Jain, Embryology of Angiosperms, Rastogi Publication, Meerut

Sharma, V, Alum, A. Ethnobotany, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

Tayal, MS Plant Anatomy, Rastogi Publication, Meerut

(Dr. J.N. Verma)

(Dr.Rekha Pimpalgaonkar)

(Dr.Ranjana Shristava)

Proff. & Head

Proff. & Head

Minpercalcu

Proff. & Head

Govt. D.B. Girls PG College

Govt. N PG Science College

Govt. VYTPG Science College

Raipur, (C.G.)

Raipur, (C.G.)

Raipur, (C.G.)

(Mrs. Sanchal Moghe)

(Mr. Shivakant Mishra)

(Mr Sudheer Tiwari)

Govt. Bilasa Girls College, Bilaspur

# B.Sc.-II (BOTANY) PAPER-II (ECOLOGY AND PLANT PHYSIOLOGY)

#### UNIT-I

Introduction and scope of ecology, environmental and ecological factors, Soil formation and soil profile. Liebig's law of minimum, Shelford's law of tolerance, morphological and anatomical adapataions in hydrophytes, xerophytes and epiphytes.

#### UNIT-II

Population and community characteristics, Raunkiaer's life forms, population interactions (e.g. Symbiosis, Amensalism etc.), succession, ecotone and edge effect, ecological niches, ecotypes, ecads, keystone species

Concept of ecosystem, trophic levels, flow of energy in ecosystem, food chain and food web, concept of ecological pyramids

Biogeochemical cycles:carbon cycle, nitrogen cycle and phosphorus cycle

### UNIT-III

Plant water relations: Diffusion, permeability, osmosis, imbibitions, plasmolysis, osmotic potential and water potential, Types of soil water, water holding capacity, wilting, Absorption of water, theories of Ascent of sap, Mineral nutrition and absorption, Deficiency symptoms, Transpiration, stomatal movement, significance of transpiration, Factors affecting transpiration, guttation.

### UNIT-IV

Photosynthesis: Photosynthetic apparatus and pigments, light reaction mechanism of ATP synthesis. C3, C4 CAM pathway of carbon reduction, photorespiration, factors affecting photosynthesis.

Respiration: Aerobic and anaerobic respiration, Glycolysis, Kreb's cycle, factors affecting respiration, R.Q.

# UNIT-V

Plant growth hormones: Auxin, Gibberellin, Cytokinin, Ethylene and Abscissic acid. Physiology of flowering, Florigen concept, Photoperiodism and Vernalization. Seed dormancy and Attested
Prentice Hall, USA germination, plant movement.

# Books Recommended:

Koromondy, EJ. Concepts of Ecology, Prentice Hall, USA

Singh, JS Singh SP and Gupta SR. Ecology and Environmental Science and Conservation, S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi

Sharma, PD. Ecology and Environment, Rastogi Publications, Merrut

Hopkins, WG and Huner, PA. Introduction to Plant Physiology, John Wiley and Sons.

Pandey SN and Sinha BK, Plant Physiology, Vikas Publishing, New Delhi

Taiz, L and Zeiger. E. Plant Physiology, 5th edition, Sinauer Associates Inc. M.A, USA

Srivastava, HS Plant Physiology and Biotechnology, Rastogi Publications, Meerut

## **B.Sc. II (BOTANY)**

#### Practical

- 1. Taxonomy: Detailed description and identification of locally available plants of the families as prescribed in the theory paper.
- 2. Economic Botany: Identification and comment on the plants and plant products belonging to different economic use categories
- 3. Preparation of Herbarium of local wild plants.
- 4. Quantitative vegetation analysis of a grassland ecosystem.
- 5. Anatomical characteristics of hydrophytes and xerophytes.
- 6. Demonstration of root pressure.
- 7. Demonstration of transpiration.
- 8. Demonstration of evolution of O<sub>2</sub> in photosynthesis, factors affecting of photosynthesis.
- 9. Comparison of R.Q. of different respiratory substrates.
- 10. Demonstration of fermentation.
- 11. Determination of BOD of a water body

12. Demonstration of mitosis.

#### PRACTICAL SCHEME

TIME: 4 Hrs.		M.M.: 50
1.	Anatomy	08
2.	Economic Botany	04
3.	Physiology	08
4.	Ecology	10
5.	Spotting	10
6.	Viva-Voce	05
7.	Project Work/ Field Study	10

(Dr. J.N. Verma

(Dr. Rekha Pimpalgaonkar)

Proff. & Head

Proff. & Head

Govt. D.B. Girls PG College

Govt. N PG Science College

Raipur, (C.G.)

Raipur, (C.G.)

(Dr.Ranjana Shristava)

Proff. & Head

Govt. VYTPG Science College

Raipur, (C.G.)

(Mrs. Sanchal Moghe)

(Mr. Shivakant Mishra)

(Mr Sudheer Tiwari)

Govt. Bilasa Girls College, Bilaspur

PRINCIPAL Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Govt. College Baloda Bistt. Mahasamund (8:8:)

Scanned with CamScanner

# Zoology B.Sc. Part – II 2018-19 Paper - I (Anatomy and Physiology)

Comparative Anatomy of various organ systems of vertebrates:

#### Unit: I

- Integument and its derivatives: structure of scales, hair and feathers
- Alimentary canal and digestive glands in vertebrates
- Respiratory organs: Gills and lung, air-sac in birds

#### Unit: II

- Endoskeleton: (a) Axial Skeleton- Skull and Vertebrae, (b) Appendicular Skeleton Limbs and girdles
- Circulatory System: Evolution of heart and aortic arches
- Urinogenital System: Kidney and excretory ducts

### Unit: III

- Nervous System: General plan of brain and spinal cord
- Ear and Eye: structure and function
- Gonads and genital ducts

## Unit: IV

- Digestion and absorption of dietary components
- Physiology of heart, cardiac cycle and ECG
- Blood Coagulation
- Respiration: mechanism and control of breathing

# Unit: V

- Excretion: Physiology of excretion, osmoregulation
- Physiology of muscle contraction
- Physiology of nerve impulse, Synaptic transmission

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Govt. College Balligh Bisti. - Mahasamung

# Zoology B.Sc. Part - II 2018-19

# Paper-II VERTEBRATE ENDOCRINOLOGY, REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY BEHAVIOUR, EVOLUTION AND APPLIED ZOOLOGY

#### Unit: I

- Structure and function of Endocrine glands
- Biosynthesis and secretion of thyroid, adrenal, ovarian and testicular hormones
- Endocrine disorder of pituitary, thyroid, adrenal and pancreas

### Unit:II

- Reproductive cycle in vertebrates
- Menstruation, lactation and pregnancy
- Mechanism of parturition
- Hormonal regulation of gametogenesis

### Unit: III

- Evidences of organic evolution.
- Theories of organic evolution.
- Variation, Mutation, Isolation and Natural selection.
- Evolution of Horse

### Unit:IV

- Introduction to Ethology: Branches and concept of ethology.
- Patterns of Behaviour, Taxes, Reflexes, Drives and Stereotyped behaviour.
- Reproductive behavioural patterns.
- Drugs and behavior, Hormones and behaviour

### Unit:V

- Prawn Culture
- Sericulture
- Apiculture
- Pisciculture
- · Poultry keeping
- Elements of Pest Control: Chemical & Biological Control

Dr. B.R. Ambedkai Govt. College baloda Bistt. - Mahasamund (C.G.)

# Zoology B.Sc. Part II 2018-19 Practical

The practical work in general shall be based on the syllabus prescribed and the students will be required to show the knowledge of the following:

- Study of the representative examples of the different chordates (Classified characters).
- Dissection of various systems of scoliodon-Afferent and Efferent branchial cranial nerves, internal ear.

# Alternative methods: By Clay/Thermacol/ Drawing/ Model etc.)

- Simple microscopic technique through unstained or stained permanent mount.
- Study of prepared slides histological, as per theory papers.
- Study of limb girdles and vertebrae of Frog, Varanus, Fowl and Rabbit.
- Identification of species and individual of honey bee.
- Life cycle of honey bee and silkworm.
- Exercise based on Evolution and Animal behavior.

Scheme of Practical Exam  Time: 3:30	hrs
 Major dissection (Cranial nerves/efferent branchial vessel)  Exercise based on evolution  Exercise based on applied zoology  Exercise based on animal behavior  Spotting-8 (slides-4,bones-2,specimen-2)  Viva  Sessional marks.	.05
PRINCIPAL Dr. B.R. Ambe Govt. College Distt Mahasam	-lo

# NEW CURRICULUM OF B.Sc. PART II

#### **CHEMISTRY**

The new curriculum will comprise of three papers of 33, 33 and 34 marks each and practical work of 50 marks. The Curriculum is to be completed in 180 working days as per UGC norms and conforming to the directives of Govt. of Chhattisgarh. The theory papers are of 60 hrs. each duration and practical work of 180 hrs duration.

Paper – I INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

60 Hrs., Max Marks 33

#### UNIT-I

### CHEMISTRY OF TRANSITION SERIES ELEMENTS

Transition Elements: Position in periodic table, electronic configuration, General Characteristics, viz., atomic and ionic radii, variable oxidation states, ability to form complexes, formation of coloured ions, magnetic moment  $\mu_{so}$  (spin only) and  $\mu_{eff}$  and catalytic behaviour. General comparative treatment of 4d and 5d elements with their 3d analogues with respect to ionic radii, oxidation states and magnetic properties.

#### UNIT-II

- A. Oxidation and Reduction: Redox potential, electrochemical series and its applications, Principles involved in extraction of the elements.
- **B. COORDINATION COMPOUNDS:** Werner's theory and its experimental verification, IUPAC nomenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds. Stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers. Chelates, polynuclear complexes.

### **UNIT-III**

# COORDINATION CHEMISTRY

Valence bond theory (inner and outer orbital complexes), electroneutrality principle and back bonding. Crystal field theory, Crystal field splitting and stabilization energy, measurement of 10 Dq ( $\Delta_o$ ), CFSE in weak and strong fields, pairing energies, factors affecting the magnitude of 10 Dq ( $\Delta_o$ ,  $\Delta_t$ ). Octahedral vs. tetrahedral coordination.

## **UNIT-IV**

A. CHEMISTRY OF LANTHANIDE ELEMENTS

Electronic structure, oxidation states and ionic radii and lanthanide contraction, complex formation, occurrence and isolation, lanthanide compounds.

B. CHEMISTRY OF ACTINIDES

General features and chemistry of actinides, chemistry of separation of Np, Pu and Am from uranium, similarities between the later actinides and the later lanthanides

#### **UNIT-V**

A. ACIDS BASES: Arrhenius, Bronsted-Lowry, conjugate acids and bases, relative strengths of acids and bases, the Lux-flood, solvent system and Lewis concepts of acids and bases.

### **B. NON-AQUEOUS SOLVENTS**

.Physical properties of a solvent, types of solvents and their general characteristics, reaction in non-aqueous solvents with reference to liquid ammonia and liquid sulphur dioxide, HF, H2SO4, Ionic liquids.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson and P. L. Gaus, Wiley
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J. D. Lee, ELBS
- 3. Concepts of Models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. Mc Daniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley.
- 4. Inorganic Chemistry, D. E. Shriver, P. W. Atkins and C. H. Langford, Oxford.
- 5. Inorganic Chemistry, W. W. Porterfield, Addison Wiley.
- 6. Inorganic Chemistry, A. G. Sharp, ELBS.
- 7. Inorganic Chemistry, G. L. Miessler and D. A. Tarr, Prentice Hall.
- 8. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Satya Prakash.
- 9. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Agarwal and Agarwal
- 10. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Puri, Sharma, S. Naginchand
- 11. Inorganic Chemistry, Madan, S. Chand
- 12. Aadhunik Akarbanic Rasayan, A. K. Shrivastav & P. C. Jain, Goel Pub
- 13. Uchchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, satya Prakash & G. D. Tuli, Shyamal Prakashan

14. Uchchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, Puri & Sharma

15. Selected topic in Inorganic Chemistry by Madan Malik & Tulics. Chand.

PRINCIPAL

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Govt. College baloda

Distt. Mahasamund (C.G.)

#### UNIT-I

# CHEMISTRY OF ORGANIC HALIDES

Alkyl halides: Methods of preparation, nucleophilic substitution reactions  $-S_N1$ ,  $S_N2$  and  $S_N^{-1}$  mechanisms with stereochemical aspects and effect of solvent etc.; nucleophilic substitution, elimination reactions.

Aryl halides: Preparation, including preparation from diazonium salts, Nucleophilic Aromatic Substitution; SNAr, Benzyne mechanism. Relative reactivity of alkyl, allyl/benzyl, vinyl and aryl halides towards nucleophilic substitution reactions.

#### UNIT-II

#### **ALCOHOLS**

- A. Alcohols: Nomenclature, preparation, properties and relative reactivity of 1°, 2°, 3° alcohols, Bouvaelt-Blanc Reduction for the preparation of alcohols, Dihydric alcohols methods of formation, chemical reactions of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage [Pb(OAc)<sub>4</sub> and HIO<sub>4</sub>] and pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement.
- B. Trihydric alcohols Nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions of glycerol.

#### **PHENOLS**

- A. Structure and bonding in phenols, physical properties and acidic character, Comparative acidic strength of alcohols and phenols, acylation and carboxylation.
- **B.** Mechanism of Fries rearrangement, Claisen rearrangement, Gatterman synthesis, Hauben-Hoesh reaction, Lederer-Manasse reaction and Reimer-Tiemann reaction.

#### **UNIT-III**

### **ALDEHYDES AND KETONES**

- **A.** Nomenclature, structure and reactivity of carbonyl group. General methods of preparation of aldehydes and ketones.
  - Mechanism of nucleophilic addition to carbonyl groups: Benzoin, Aldol, Perkin and Knoevenagel condensation. Condensation with ammonia and its derivatives, Wittig reaction, Mannich reaction, Beckmann and Benzil- Benzilic rearrangement.
  - Use of acetate as protecting group, Oxidation of aldehydes, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones, Cannizzaro reaction, MPV, Clemmensen reduction, Wolf Kishner reaction, LiAlH<sub>4</sub> and NaBH<sub>4</sub> reduction. Halogenation of enolizable ketones, An introduction to α,β-unsaturated aldehydes and

ketones.

#### **UNIT-IV**

### A. CARBOXYLIC ACIDS

Preparation, Structure and bonding, Physical and chemical properties including, acidity of carboxylic acids, effects of substituents on acid strength, Hell-Volhard Zeilinsky reaction. Reduction of carboxylic groups, Mechanism of decarboxylation.

Di carboxylic acids: Methods of formation and effect of heat and dehydrating agents, Hydroxyacids.

#### B. CARBOXYLIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Structure of acid chlorides, esters, amides and acid anhydrides, Relative stability of acyl derivatives. Physical properties, inter-conversion of acid derivatives by nucleophilic acyl substitution.

Mechanism of acid and base catalyzed esterification and hydrolysis.

#### **UNIT-V**

#### ORGANIC COMPOUNDS OF NITROGEN

- A. Preparation of nitroalkanes and nitroarenes. Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution in nitroarenes and their reduction in acidic, neutral and alkaline medium.
- B. Reactivity, structure and nomenclature of amines, physical properties. Stereochemistry of amines. Separation of mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features affecting basicity of amines. Preparation of alkyl and aryl amines (reduction of nitro compounds and nitriles), reductive amination of aldehydic and ketonic compounds. Gabriel-Phthalimide reaction, Hofmann-Bromamide reaction, Reactions of amines, electrophilic aromatic substitution of aryl amines, Reaction of amines with nitrous acid. Synthetic transformations of aryl diazonium salts, Azo coupling.

# REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Organic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prentice-Hall.
- 2. Organic Chemistry, L. G. Wade Jr. Prentice Hall.
- 3. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Solomons, John Wiley.
- 4. Organic Chemistry, Vol I, II, III S. M. Mukherjee, S. P. Singh and R. P. Kapoor, Wiley Easters (New Age).

5. Organic Chemistry, F. A. Carey, McGraw Hill este

6. Introduction to Organic Chemistry, Struiweisser, Heathcock and Kosover, Macmillan.

7. Organic Chemistry, P. L. Soni.

- 8. Organic Chemistry, Bahl and Bahl.
- 9. Organic Chemistry, Joginder Singh.
- 10. Carbanic Rasayan, Bahl and Bahl.
- 11. Carbanic Rasayan, R. N. Singh, S. M. I. Gupta, M. M. Bakidia & S. K. Wadhwa.
- 12. Carbanic Rasayan, Joginder Singh.

### Paper - III PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

60 Hrs., Max Marks 34

#### UNIT-I

# A. THERMODYNAMICS-I

Intensive and extensive variables; state and path functions; isolated, closed and open systems; Zeroth law of thermodynamics. First law: Concept of heat, work, internal energy and statement of first law; enthalpy, Relation between heat capacities, calculations of q, w, U and H for reversible, irreversible and free expansion of gases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions. Joule-Thompson expansion, inversion temperature of gases, expansion of ideal gases under isothermal and adiabatic condition

#### B. THERMO CHEMISTRY

Thermochemistry, Laws of Thermochemistry, Heats of reactions, standard states; enthalpy of formation of molecules and ions and enthalpy of combustion and its applications; calculation of bond energy, bond dissociation energy and resonance energy from thermochemical data, effect of temperature (Kirchhoff's equations) and pressure on enthalpy of reactions, Adiabatic flame temperature, explosion temperature.

#### UNIT-II

#### A. THERMODYNAMICS-II

Second Law of Thermodynamics: Spontaneous process, Second law, Statement of Carnot cycle and efficiency of heat engine, Carnot's theorem, thermodynamic state of temperature. Concept of entropy: Entropy change in a reversible and irreversible process, entropy change in isothermal reversible expansion of an ideal gas, entropy change in isothermal mixing of ideal gases, physical signification of entropy, Molecular and statistical interpretation of entropy.

Gibbs and Helmholtz free energy, variation of G and A with pressure, volume, temperature, Gibbs-Helmholtz equation, Maxwell relations, Elementary idea of Third law of Thermodynamics, concept of residual entropy, calculation of absolute entropy of molecule.

Distt.- Mahasamund (6,G.)

## UNIT III

# **CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM**

Criteria of thermodynamic equilibrium, degree of advancement of reaction, chemical equilibria in ideal gases. Concept of Fugacity, Thermodynamic derivation of relation between Gibbs free energy of reaction and reaction quotient. Coupling of exergonic and endergonic reactions. Equilibrium constants and their quantitative dependence on temperature, pressure and concentration. Thermodynamic derivation of relations between the various equilibrium constants Kp, Kc and Kx. Le Chatelier principle (quantitative treatment). Equilibrium between ideal gas and a pure condensed phase.

**IONIC EQUILIBRIA** Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect; dissociation constants of mono protic acids (exact treatment). Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions; derivation of Henderson equation and its applications. Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts applications of solubility product principle.

### **UNIT-IV**

# PHASE EQUILIBRIUM

A. Phase rule, Phase, component and degree of freedom, derivation of Gibbs phase rule, Clausius-Claperon equation and its applications to Solid-Liquid, Liquid-Vapor and solid-Vapor, limitation of phase rule, applications of phase rule to one component system: Water system and sulphur system.

Application of phase rule to two component system: Pb-Ag system, desilverization of lead, Zn-Mg system Ferric chloride-water system, congruent and incongruent, melting point and eutectic point.

Three component system: Solid solution liquid pairs.

Nernst distribution law, Henry's law, application, solvent extraction **UNIT V** 

Characteristics of electromagnetic radiation, Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes, Lambert-Beer's law and its limitations, physical significance of absorption coefficients. Laws of photochemistry: Grothus-Drapper law, Stark-Einstein law, quantum yield, actinometry, examples of low and high quantum yields, Photochemical equilibrium and the differential rate of photochemical reactions, Quenching, Role of photochemical reaction in biochemical process. Ambedhar DistL. Mahasamund (6.6.)

Jablonski diagram depicting various process occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), photosensitized reactions, energy transfer processes (simple examples), photostationary states, Chemiluminescence.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Physical Chemistry, G. M. Barrow, International student edition, McGraw Hill.
- 2. University General Chemistry, C. N. R. Rao, Macmillan.
- 3. Physical Chemistry, R. A. Alberty, Wiley Eastern.
- 4. The elements of physical chemistry, Wiley Eastern.
- 5. Physical Chemistry through problems, S. K. Dogra & S. Dogra, Wiley Eastern.
- 6. Physical Chemistry, B. D. Khosla,.
- 7. Physical Chemistry, Puri & Sharma.
- 8. Bhautik Rasayan, Puri, Sharma and Pathania, Vishal Publishing Company.
- 9. Bhautik Rasayan, P. L. Soni.
- 10. Bhautik Rasayan, Bahl and Tuli.
- 11. Physical Chemistry, R. L. Kapoor, Vol I-IV.
- 12. Chemical kinetics, K. J. Laidler, Pearson Educations, New Delhi (2004).

# Paper -IV

# LABORATORY COURSE

Qualitative semimicro analysis of mixtures containing 5 radicals. Emphasis should be given to the understanding of the chemistry of different reactions. The following radicals are suggested:

CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, NO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>, S<sup>2-</sup>, SO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, CH<sub>3</sub>COO<sup>-</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>, Cl<sup>-</sup>, Br<sup>-</sup>, I<sup>-</sup>, NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, BO<sub>3</sub><sup>3-</sup>, C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>, PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>, NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Cd<sup>2+</sup>, Bi<sup>3+</sup>, Sn<sup>2+</sup>, Sb<sup>3+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>, Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Mn<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Sr<sup>2+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>,  $Mg^{2+}$ .

Mixtures should preferably contain one interfering anion, or insoluble component (BaSO<sub>4</sub>, SrSO<sub>4</sub>, PbSO<sub>4</sub>, CaF<sub>2</sub> or Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) or combination of anions e.g. CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup> and SO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, NO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> and NO<sub>3</sub>, CI, Br, and I.

# Volumetric analysis

Determination of acetic acid in commercial vinegar using NaOH.

(a) Determination of alkali content-antacid tablet using HCl. (b)

- Estimation of calcium content in chalk as calcium oxalate by permanganometry. (c)
- Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA. (d)
- Estimation of ferrous & ferric by dichromate method. (e)
- Estimation of copper using thiosulphate. (f)
- Principles involved in chromatographic separations. Paper chromatographic separation of following metal ions: i. Ni (II) and Co (II) ii. Fe (III) and Al (III)

## **ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

- Detection of elements (X, N, S).
- Qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds containing simple functional groups (alcohols, carboxylic acids, phenols, nitro, amine, amide, and carbonyl compounds, carbohydrates)
  - Preparation of Organic Compounds:
    - (i) m-dinitrobenzene, (ii) Acetanilide, (iii) Bromo/Nitro-acetanilide, (iv) Oxidation of primary alcohols-Benzoic acid from benzylacohol, (v) azo dye.

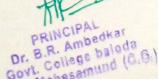
# PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

# Transition Temperature

Determination of the transition temperature of the given substance by thermometric/ dialometric method (e.g. MnCl<sub>2</sub>.4H<sub>2</sub>O/SrBr<sub>2</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O).

# Thermochemistry

- Determination of heat capacity of a calorimeter for different volumes using change of enthalpy data of a known system (method of back calculation of heat capacity of calorimeter from known enthalpy of solution or enthalpy of neutralization).
- Determination of heat capacity of the calorimeter and enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
- To determine the solubility of benzoic acid at different temperature and to determine  $\Delta H$ of the dissolution process.
- To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of a weak acid/ weak base versus strong base/ strong acid and determine the enthalpy of ionization of the weak acid/ weak base.
- To determine the enthalpy of solution of solid calculate the lattice energy of calcium chloride from its enthalpy data using Born Haber cycle.



### Phase Equilibrium

- To study the effect of a solute (e.g. NaCl, Succinic acid) on the critical solution temperature of two partially miscible liquids (e.g. phenol-water system) and to determine the concentration of that solute in the given phenol-water system.
- To construct the phase diagram of two component system (e.g. diphenylamine benzophenone) by cooling curve method.
- Distribution of acetic/ benzoic acid between water and cyclohexane.
- Study the equilibrium of at least one of the following reactions by the distribution method:
  - (i)  $I_2(aq) + \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma_3(aq)^{2+}$
  - (ii)  $Cu^{2+}(aq) + nNH_3 \rightarrow Cu(NH_3)n$

Molecular Weight Determination

Determination of molecular weight by Rast Camphor and Landsburger method.

Note: Experiments may be added/ deleted subject to availability of time and facilities.

### Reference Books

- 1. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education (2009)
- Furniss, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. & Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed. Pearson (2012)
- Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press (2000). 22
- Ahluwalia, V.K. & Dhingra, S. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis, University Press (2000).
- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011). Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
- 6. Halpern, A. M. & McBane, G. C. Experimental Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed.; W.H. Freeman & Co.: New York

Mahasamund (C.

Hrs.5

# PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

M.M.50

Three Experiments are to be performed.

1. Inorganic – Qualitative semimicro analysis of mixtures.

12 marks

OR

One experiment from synthesis and analysis by preparing the standard solution.

2. (a) Identification of the given organic compound & determine its M.Pt./B.Pt.

6 marks

- (b) Determination of Rf value and identification of organic compounds by paper chromatography.

  6 marks
- 3. Any one physical experiment that can be completed in two hours including calculations.

12 marks

4. Viva \*\* 10 marks

5. Sessional 04 marks

In case of Ex-Students one marks will be added to each of the experiment.

BRINCIPALING B.R. Ambedkard Gove College baloda Mahasamund (C.G.)